

MATH 141, FALL 2008, MIDTERM 3

2) Find the sum of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n+3} \right)$.

4 points

Construct the j th partial sum, noting that this is a telescoping series: subsequent fractions zero out.

$$s_j = \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{8} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{9} \right) + \dots$$

4 points

$$+ \left(\frac{1}{j-2} - \frac{1}{j} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{j-1} - \frac{1}{j+1} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{j} - \frac{1}{j+2} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{j+1} - \frac{1}{j+3} \right)$$

3 points

$$s_j = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{j+2} - \frac{1}{j+3}$$

Since $\lim_{j \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{j+2} - \frac{1}{j+3} \right) = \frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$, $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{n+3} \right) = \frac{5}{6}$.

4 points

3 points

2 points