MATH141 - Mid Term Exam 4 - Problem 4

$$z^{3} + 8 = 0 \implies z^{3} = -8 = 8e^{i\pi}$$
Put $z = re^{i\theta}$

$$z^{3} = r^{3}e^{i3\theta} = 8e^{i\pi}$$
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Thus,

 $r^{3} = 8$ and $3\theta = \pi + 2k\pi$, k is an integer 2 + 2Which gives, r = 2 2 and $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{2k\pi}{3}$ $3 \implies z = 2e^{i(\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{2k\pi}{3})}$, k is an integer. 3Therefore, there are three distinct solutions corresponding to k = 0, 1, 2,

$$z = 2e^{i\frac{\pi}{3}}, \ 2e^{i\pi}, \ 2e^{i\frac{5\pi}{3}} \quad \boxed{3}$$
$$z = 2\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{3} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{3}\right), \ 2\left(\cos\pi + i\sin\pi\right), \ 2\left(\cos\frac{5\pi}{3} + i\sin\frac{5\pi}{3}\right) \quad \boxed{3}$$
$$z = 1 + i\sqrt{3}, \ -2 + i0, \ 1 - i\sqrt{3} \quad \boxed{3}$$

-1 If all all three final answers are correct but have not shown the intermediate steps.