## MATH464, Sec. 0101: Transform Methods Department of Mathematics, UMCP Homework 6

Fall 2022 Posted: Thursday, 10/13/22 Due: Thursday, 10/20/22 IN CLASS

Answer <u>all</u> questions. Make sure that you <u>explain</u> all your steps and <u>justify</u> your answers. Each problem is worth 10 points (equally distributed among its parts). **Total number of points: 80** 

Note: The use of Matlab, or any other software, is strictly NOT permitted.

In Problems 38-40, use your knowledge of Fourier analysis to find a function f that satisfies the indicated integral equation.

$$\int_0^\infty f(u) \, \cos(2\pi u x) \, du = e^{-x} \, , \quad 0 < x < \infty \, .$$

39.

$$\int_0^\infty f(u) \sin(2\pi u x) \, du = \begin{cases} 1 & , & \text{if } 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & , & \text{if } 1 < x < \infty \end{cases}$$

40.

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(u) e^{iux} du = e^{-\pi x^2} , \quad 0 < x < \infty$$

41. Consider the following differential equation:

$$-f''(x) + f(x) = e^{-2|x|}$$
,  $-\infty < x < \infty$ .

(i)[5pts] Find the Fourier transform F(s) of the solution f(x) which is absolutely integrable (i.e.,  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(x)| dx < \infty$ ).

(ii)[5pts] Obtain the function f.

42. Find the Fourier transform of the function  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  where

$$f(x) = \int_{-1/2}^{1/2} e^{-2\pi(x-u)^2} \, du \; .$$

43. Let  $f_0, f_1 : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be the functions defined by

$$f_0(x) = e^{-x^2}$$
,  $f_1(x) = x e^{-x^2}$ .

Compute the following convolutions:

- (i)[5pts]  $f_0 * f_0$ .
- (ii)[5pts]  $f_0 * f_1$ .
- 44. Find a nonzero function f on  $\mathbb{R}$  that satisfies

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(u) f(x-u) du = f(x) , \quad -\infty < x < \infty .$$

45. Find a continuous function  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  that satisfies

$$-f'(x) + f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x} , & \text{if } x > 0 , \\ 0 , & \text{if } x < 0 . \end{cases}$$