Name (Neatly)

UID (Neatly)

**Instructions:**

1. Please do all problems on the pages and in the spaces provided. This exam will be scanned into Gradescope and if your answers are not in the correct locations they will not be found or graded!

2. Only simplify Calculus 3 related calculations.
1. Write TRUE or FALSE in the box to the right. No justification is required. Unreadable or ambiguous answers will be marked as incorrect.

**Solution:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>TRUE/FALSE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$\bar{a} \times \bar{b}$ is a scalar.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\text{Proj}_{\bar{b}} \bar{a}$ is parallel to $\bar{b}$.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For any points $P$ and $Q$ we have $</td>
<td>PQ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Planes with parallel normal vectors cannot meet.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$a_T$ is always non-negative.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Given the point and vectors:

$$P = (4,-3,1)$$
$$\bar{b} = 5\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$$
$$\bar{c} = 3\hat{i} + \alpha\hat{j} + \alpha\hat{k}$$

(a) Write down the equation of the sphere with center $P$ and with radius $||\bar{b}||$. [5 pts]

**Solution:**

(b) For which $\alpha$ are $\bar{b}$ and $\bar{c}$ perpendicular? [5 pts]

**Solution:**
3. Find the distance between the point (4, 2, 5) and the line with symmetric equation: [10 pts]

\[
\frac{x - 1}{2} = y \quad \text{and} \quad z = 4
\]

Simplify.

\textbf{Solution:}

4. Find the equation of the plane containing the point (3, 4, -1) and perpendicular to the line with parameterization: [10 pts]

\[
\vec{r}(t) = (2t + 1) \hat{i} + (7 - t) \hat{j} + 5t \hat{k}
\]

Write the result in the form \(ax + by + cz = d\).

\textbf{Solution:}
5. Suppose an object follows the path given by the parameterization:  
\[ \vec{r}(t) = t^3 \hat{i} + (t + 1) \hat{j} - t \hat{k} \]

What is the speed of the object when it hits the plane \( x + 4y + 4z = 31 \)?

Solution:

6. Given the parameterization:
\[ \vec{r}(t) = 2 \cos(t) \hat{i} + 4 \sin(t) \hat{j} + t \hat{k} \]

Calculate the value of \( a_T \), the tangential component of acceleration, at \( t = \frac{\pi}{3} \).

Solution:
7. Find the symmetric equation of the line segment joining the two points \((1, 4, -5)\) and \((8, -4, 10)\). [10 pts]

Solution:

8. Suppose \(\mathbf{r}(t)\) for \(0 \leq t \leq 3\) is a smooth parameterization which connects \((1, 2)\) to \((5, 5)\). You do not know exactly what the curve looks like! Explain in words how you know that:

\[ \int_0^3 ||\mathbf{r}'(t)|| \, dt \geq 5 \]

Solution:

9. Write down a non-closed parameterization of the circle \(x^2 + z^2 = 9\) in the plane \(y = 2\). [5 pts]

Solution:
10. Plot each of the following. On each, mark at least one point with its coordinates.

(a) In 3D: \( x^2 + y^2 + (z - 3)^2 = 9 \)  
    Solution: 

(b) In 3D: \( x + 2z = 10 \)  
    Solution: 

(c) In 2D: \( \vec{r}(t) = (t^2 + 1) \hat{i} + t \hat{j} \) for \( 0 \leq t \leq 3 \)  
    Solution: