- 1. Suppose a homogeneous second order differential equation has fundamental pair  $\{t, t^3\}$ . Solve the IVP with y(2) = 1 and y'(2) = -3.
- 2. A 0.2kg weight stretches a spring 0.1m. The system is submerged in oil with damping coefficient  $\gamma = 3$ . The weight is then lowered by 0.2m and released with a downward velocity of 1m/s. There is no external force.
  - (a) Find the spring coefficient k.
  - (b) Write down **but do not solve** the initial value problem corresponding to this situation.
  - (c) Is this system underdamped, critically damped or overdamped? Show the associated calculation.
  - (d) Sketch a reasonable graph of the solution.
- 3. Write down the general solution to the differential equation  $D^5y + 4D^3y = 0$ .
- 4. For the differential equation  $y'' 6y' + 9y = (t^2 + 3)e^{3t}$  write down the undetermined  $Y_p(t)$  which you would use in the Method of Undetermined Coefficients. Do not go further.
- 5. Use the Method of Undetermined Coefficients to find a specific solution  $Y_p(t)$  to the differential equation

$$y'' + 5y' - 3y = 3t + 2$$

6. Use Variation of Parameters to find a particular solution to the differential equation

$$t^2y'' + 2ty' - 2y = t^2$$

The homogeneous version has fundamental pair  $\{t, t^{-2}\}$ . Then write down the general solution.

- 7. Use the definition (not the table) to calculate  $\mathcal{L}[3]$ .
- 8. Use Laplace Transforms to solve the initial value problem

$$y'' - 4y' + 13y = 0$$
 with  $y(0) = 0$  and  $y'(0) = -1$ 

9. Define the function:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } t < 7\\ (t-7)^2 & \text{for } t \ge 7 \end{cases}$$

Solve the initial value problem:

$$y' - y = f(t)$$
 with  $y(0) = 2$