1. Suppose a homogeneous second order differential equation has fundamental pair $\left\{t, t^{3}\right\}$. Solve the IVP with $y(2)=1$ and $y^{\prime}(2)=-3$.
2. A 0.2 kg weight stretches a spring 0.1 m . The system is submerged in oil with damping coefficient $\gamma=3$. The weight is then lowered by 0.2 m and released with a downward velocity of $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. There is no external force.
(a) Find the spring coefficient $k$.
(b) Write down but do not solve the initial value problem corresponding to this situation.
(c) Is this system underdamped, critically damped or overdamped? Show the associated calculation.
(d) Sketch a reasonable graph of the solution.
3. Write down the general solution to the differential equation $D^{5} y+4 D^{3} y=0$.
4. For the differential equation $y^{\prime \prime}-6 y^{\prime}+9 y=\left(t^{2}+3\right) e^{3 t}$ write down the undetermined $Y_{p}(t)$ which you would use in the Method of Undetermined Coefficients. Do not go further.
5. Use the Method of Undetermined Coefficients to find a specific solution $Y_{p}(t)$ to the differential equation

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+5 y^{\prime}-3 y=3 t+2
$$

6. Use Variation of Parameters to find a particular solution to the differential equation

$$
t^{2} y^{\prime \prime}+2 t y^{\prime}-2 y=t^{2}
$$

The homogeneous version has fundamental pair $\left\{t, t^{-2}\right\}$. Then write down the general solution.
7. Use the definition (not the table) to calculate $\mathcal{L}[3]$.
8. Use Laplace Transforms to solve the initial value problem

$$
y^{\prime \prime}-4 y^{\prime}+13 y=0 \text { with } y(0)=0 \text { and } y^{\prime}(0)=-1
$$

9. Define the function:

$$
f(t)= \begin{cases}0 & \text { for } t<7 \\ (t-7)^{2} & \text { for } t \geq 7\end{cases}
$$

Solve the initial value problem:

$$
y^{\prime}-y=f(t) \quad \text { with } \quad y(0)=2
$$

