

MATH310 Exam 3 Sample Questions

1. Write down the definition of $\{a_n\} \rightarrow a_0$ and then write down its negation with the negation pushed through then simplified.

2. Use the definition to prove:

$$\left\{ \frac{2n}{1-3n} \right\} \rightarrow -\frac{2}{3}$$

3. Use the definition to prove:

$$\left\{ \frac{5^n - 3}{6^n + 1} \right\} \rightarrow 0$$

4. Use the definition to prove:

$$\{(-1)^n\} \not\rightarrow 0$$

5. Use the definition to prove:

$$\{\sqrt{n}\} \not\rightarrow 5$$

6. Use the definition to prove that the following sequence does not converge:

$$\{\sqrt{n}\}$$

7. Prove that a sequence of numbers greater than or equal to 1 which converges must converge to a number greater than or equal to 1.

8. Write down the definition of $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = L$ and then write down its negation with the negation pushed through then simplified.

9. Use the definition to prove:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 1 - x = -2$$

10. Use the definition to prove:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+1}{x+3} = 0$$

11. Use the definition to prove:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 10} 5x + 2 \neq 42$$

12. Write down the definition of “ $f(x)$ is continuous at $x = x_0$ ” and then write down its negation with the negation pushed through then simplified.

13. Prove that the following function is not continuous at $x = 2$:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 4x & \text{if } x \leq 2 \\ 3x^2 & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

14. Prove that $f(x) = 3 - 4x$ is continuous at $x = 10$.

15. Prove that the following set is countable:

$$\{(a, b) \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge a < b\}$$

16. Prove that the set of infinite binary strings like 1010111... is uncountable.

17. Prove that:

$$|(-3, \infty)| = |\mathbb{R}|$$

18. Prove that:

$$|\mathbb{Z}| = \left| \left\{ (a, b, c) \mid a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z} \right\} \right|$$

19. Prove that if A is a set with a supremum then the supremum must be unique.

20. Prove that if A is a set with a maximum then the maximum must be unique.

21. Prove using the definition of open that $(1, 3)$ is open.

22. Prove using the definition of open that $[1, 3)$ is not open.

23. Prove using the definition of open that $(1, \infty)$ is open.

24. Prove using the definition of closed that $(1, 3)$ is not closed.

25. Prove using the definition of closed that $[1, 3]$ is closed.

26. Prove using the definition of closed that $[1, \infty)$ is closed.

27. (Challenging 410 problem) Prove using the definition of closed that $S = \{0, 5\}$ is closed.

28. Prove using the definition of closed that \mathbb{R} is closed.

29. Prove using the definition of open that \mathbb{R} is open.

30. (Challenging 410 problem) Suppose $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ has the property that f is continuous and $f(x) = 0$ for all $x \in S$, where $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ is dense. Prove that $f(x) = 0$ for all x .