

**EXAM 3:****NAME:** \_\_\_\_\_

1)(12pts) State the following:

- a) The Monotone Convergence Theorem
- b) The definition of a series diverging to  $\infty$ .
- b) The definition of a Cauchy sequence.

2)(14pts) Suppose that  $\langle a \rangle$  and  $\langle b \rangle$  converge. Prove if  $\lim a_n < \lim b_n$ , then there exists an  $N \in \mathbb{N}$  such that if  $n \geq N$  then  $a_n \leq b_n$ .

3)(14pts) Using the definition of limit, prove

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n + 1}{2n - 1} = \frac{3}{2}.$$

4)(14pts) Let  $x_n = \frac{1 + n}{1 + 2n}$ . Prove that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n$  exists by using Monotone Convergence.

5)(12pts) Prove that if  $\langle a \rangle$  converges, then every subsequence of  $\langle a \rangle$  converges, and has the same limit as  $\langle a \rangle$ .

6)(10pts) Suppose that  $b \leq L + \varepsilon$  for all  $\varepsilon > 0$ . Prove that  $b \leq L$ .

7)(12pts) Suppose that  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k$  and  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} b_k$  converge to  $A$  and  $B$ , respectively. Prove

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (a_k + b_k) = A + B.$$

8)(12pts) Are the following true or false? Give a counterexample or statement of justification.

- a) If  $\lim a_n = 0$ , then  $\sum a_n$  converges.
- b) If  $\langle x \rangle$  is not monotone, then  $\langle x \rangle$  does not converge.
- c) Every bounded sequence converges.