Objectives. The finite element method (FEM) is one of the most successful computational tools in dealing with partial differential equations (PDE) arising in science and engineering (solid and fluid mechanics, electromagnetism, thermodynamics, etc). The formulation of FEM, as well as finite difference methods, their properties, stability, convergence, and fast solvers (multilevel methods and preconditioners) will be discussed. Their actual implementation will also be addressed mainly via MATLAB computer projects.


Syllabus
- Maximum principle, finite difference method, error analysis.
- Variational formulation of elliptic problems and examples: the inf-sup condition.
- The finite element method and its implementation.
- Polynomial interpolation theory in Sobolev spaces.
- A priori error estimates and applications.
- A posteriori error estimates and adaptivity.
- Fast solvers: multigrid methods and multilevel preconditioners.
- Variational crimes: nonconformity, quadrature, isoparametric finite elements.
- Mixed FEM: inf-sup condition and stable spaces, applications to Stokes Flow.

Stokes flow over an L-shaped domain: Pressures and meshes for error tolerance of 5% and unstable finite element pairs (resp. DOFs): $P^2$-$P^1_d$ (1940), $P^1$-$P^1$ (4971). The oscillations do not persist under further selective refinement (nonlinear stabilization effect of adaptivity). Error estimation and adaptivity will be fully discussed in this course.

Prerequisites. Functional analysis and PDE theory (variational method, maximum principle) will be reviewed. Prior exposure to graduate level PDE and MATLAB will be useful but not mandatory. This course is an excellent complement to MATH 674 and AMSC 667, which cover Sobolev spaces, modern PDE theory and FEM in 1d.

Evaluation: Homeworks, both theoretical and computational. Basic MATLAB programs will be distributed and will have to be modified appropriately.