## Math 130 Exam 3 Sample 1 Framework

1. Find $f^{\prime}(x)$. This is undefined when $x=0$ and equals 0 when $x=8$. Plug all of $x=0,-1,8$ into $f(x)$ and choose the largest and smallest results.
2. The cost is $40 L+20 W$ and we have $L W=1000$. Since $W=1000 / L$ we rewrite the cost as $C(L)=40 L+20(1000 / L)=40 L+20000 / L$ for $L>0$. Take the derivative you'll find one $L$ where the derivative is 0 . Draw a number-line sign-chart for $C^{\prime}(L)$ to see that this $L$ yields a minimum cost. Also find $W$.
3. (a) Differentiate implicitly with respect to $x$, treating $y$ as a function of $x$. Solve for $\frac{d y}{d x}$.
(b) Draw a picture and you should see similar triangles. If $x$ is the distance from the man to the light and if $s$ is the height of the shadow then similar triangles should give you $\frac{x}{6}=\frac{50}{s}$. Cross multiply and then differentiate with respect to $t$. You know $\frac{d x}{d t}$ and you want $\frac{d s}{d t}$. You know $x=10$.
4. (a) Straightforward.
(b) FOIL first - there's no product rule for integrals.
(c) Put each part of the numerator over $x$ then simplify first.
(d) Straightfoward - learn your rules!
5. (a) Let $u=-3 x$ then $d u=-3 d x$ and $-\frac{1}{3} d u=d x$.
(b) Let $u=2 x+3$ then $d u=2 d x$ so $\frac{1}{2} d u=d x$. You'll also need $x=\frac{u-3}{2}=\frac{1}{2}(u-3)$. Plug it all in and simplify before integrating. You will also need to distribute before integrating.
(c) Integrate to get $P(t)$ and don't forget the $+C$. Use $P(0)=100$ to find $C$ so then you have $P(t)$. Then find $P(20)$.
