Math 130 Exam 3 Sample 1 Framework

- 1. Find f'(x). This is undefined when x = 0 and equals 0 when x = 8. Plug all of x = 0, -1, 8 into f(x) and choose the largest and smallest results.
- 2. The cost is 40L + 20W and we have LW = 1000. Since W = 1000/L we rewrite the cost as C(L) = 40L + 20(1000/L) = 40L + 20000/L for L > 0. Take the derivative you'll find one L where the derivative is 0. Draw a number-line sign-chart for C'(L) to see that this L yields a minimum cost. Also find W.
- 3. (a) Differentiate implicitly with respect to x, treating y as a function of x. Solve for $\frac{dy}{dx}$.
 - (b) Draw a picture and you should see similar triangles. If x is the distance from the man to the light and if s is the height of the shadow then similar triangles should give you $\frac{x}{6} = \frac{50}{s}$. Cross multiply and then differentiate with respect to t. You know $\frac{dx}{dt}$ and you want $\frac{ds}{dt}$. You know x = 10.
- 4. (a) Straightforward.
 - (b) FOIL first there's no product rule for integrals.
 - (c) Put each part of the numerator over x then simplify first.
 - (d) Straightfoward learn your rules!
- 5. (a) Let u = -3x then du = -3dx and $-\frac{1}{3}du = dx$.
 - (b) Let u = 2x + 3 then du = 2dx so $\frac{1}{2}du = dx$. You'll also need $x = \frac{u-3}{2} = \frac{1}{2}(u-3)$. Plug it all in and simplify before integrating. You will also need to distribute before integrating.
 - (c) Integrate to get P(t) and don't forget the +C. Use P(0) = 100 to find C so then you have P(t). Then find P(20).