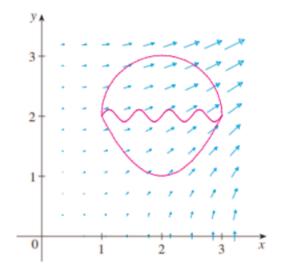
MATH 241 Calculus III Spring 2023 Groupwork : Sections 15.3-15.5

You should work on and discuss this worksheet with members of your group. Your TA will assist as needed. Turn in your solutions either on this sheet or a separate sheet of paper. Be sure to include your name!

- 1. Use Green's Theorem to evaluate $\int_C x^2 y \, dx xy^2 dy$, where *C* is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ with counterclockwise orientation.
- 2. Evaluate $\int_C x^4 dx + xy dy$, where *C* is the triangular curve consisting of the line segments from (0,0) to (1,0), from (1,0) to (0,1), and from (0,1) to (0,0). Note the implied direction of *C*! [You can try using three separate line integrals, though it is much easier to use Green's Theorem.]
- 3. The figure below shows a vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = 2xy\hat{\mathbf{i}} + x^2\hat{\mathbf{j}}$, and three curves beginning at (1, 2) and ending at (3, 2).
 - (a) Explain why $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ has the same value for all three curves.
 - (b) What is this common value?



4. A thin cone has shape $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$, $1 \le z \le 4$. If the density of the cone material is $\rho(x, y, z) = 10 - z$ (in grams per cm²), find the total mass of the cone.